



Panel Discussion: Achieving Energy-Positive Water Resource Recovery Facilities

April 28, 2015



The way forward – not linear









Utility of the Future

"Wastewater facilities have the potential to produce the energy needed to not only treat our water, but to help heat and power the cities that depend on them."

- WERF/WEF/NACWA 2014

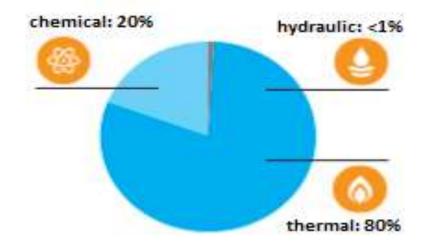






Energy Embedded in Wastewater

- 851 trillion BTU per year
- 80% of that energy is thermal







Maximizing Resources in Wastewater

- Efficient energy use within plants
- Accessing available energy
 - High heat
 - Low heat -> sewage geothermal
- Increasing the available energy -> co-digestion
- Effectively recovering resource (LCA)
 - P, N and water itself



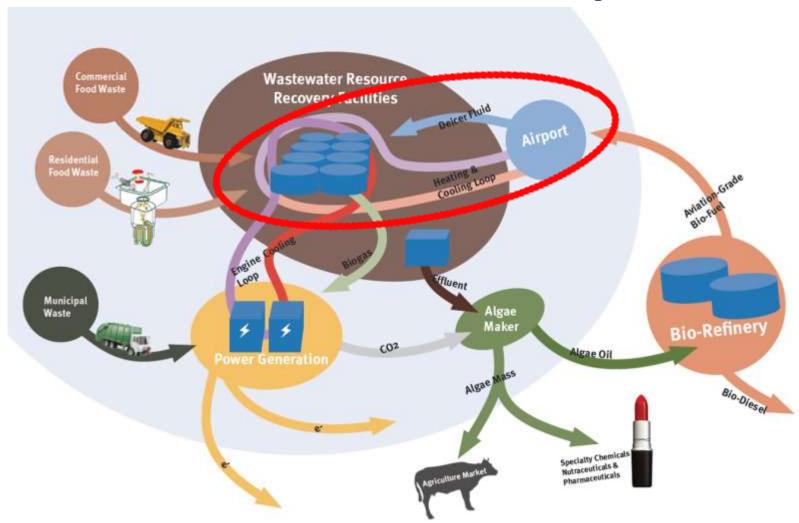


ENVISIONING THE POSSIBILITIES





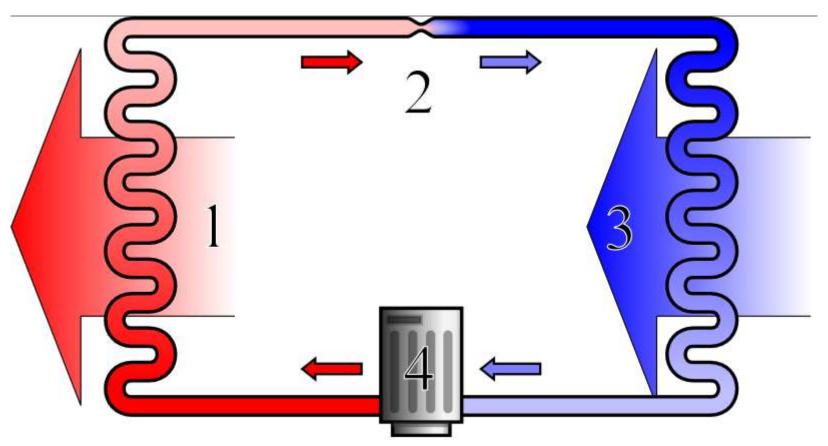
Eco-Industrial Complex







Heat Pump Process



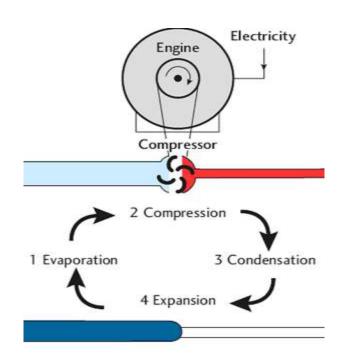






Sewage Geothermal Basics

- Conversion of low-grade heat into useful thermal energy
- Sewage into evap. at 50° F
- COP of 3.5 (700 kW comp)
- 4º drop in sewage temp
- Hot water:
 - Inlet 130° F
 - Outlet 150 to 175° F







Heat Pump







Large Scale Use of Sewage Geothermal in Asia

Yue Du Hotel Beijing - 2004



Tianjin Chateau Tianjin - 2008



Government Building Shan Xi - 2007



Wangjiang Hotel Harbin City - 2003



Beijing Southern Railway Station











ASSESSING GAPS AND HURDLES





Coefficient of Performance

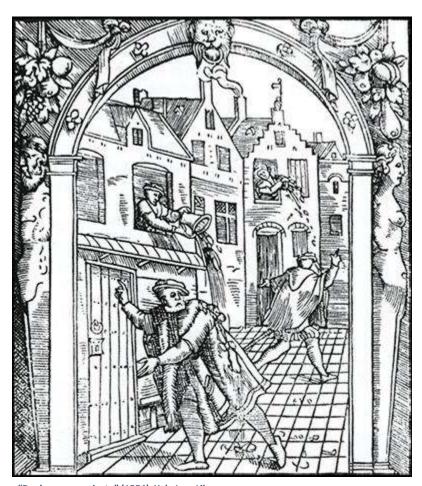
$$COP = \frac{Q}{W}$$

- Q = Heat supplied to or removed from reservoir
- W = Work consumed by the heat pump
- Low Temperature lifts, High COP
- Integration of radiant heat into Architectural norms
- Heating and Cooling





Public Perception - Gardyloo



"De damno per ejecta" (1554): Yale Law Library

- Proactively assemble diverse team of community professionals
- Anticipate and address perception-based reactions
- Focus on education





WHERE COULD ADDITIONAL RESEARCH HAVE THE GREATEST IMPACT?





Technological Challenges

- Effective filtration clogging, flow
- Max heat exchanger efficiency fouling
- Refrigerants
 - Environmental impacts air and water
- Plumbing Codes
 - Within building
 - Within street
- Low temperature ORC is this possible





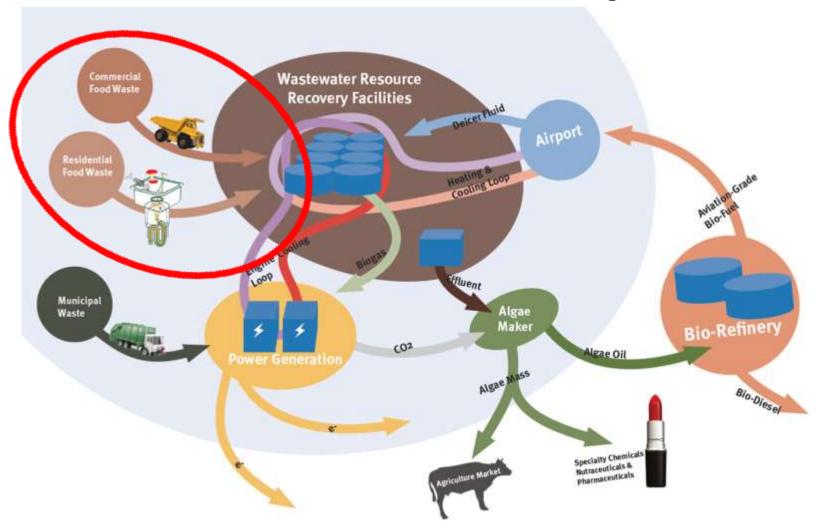
Policy Challenges

- Flow volume and consistency optimization
- Logistical, legal, and regulatory issues
 - Up stream, down stream
 - Ownership best public use
- Utility identity wastewater or energy





Eco-Industrial Complex







Food Waste Co-Digestion



Source: theecoambassador.com





ENVISIONING THE POSSIBILITIES





A New Vision of Food Waste

- Valuable organic substrate
- Medium allowing nutrients to be recycled
 - Return pathway allows re-distribution of depleted nutrients – Food is Highly Dispersed.
- Alternative "green" fuel
- Capitalization and promotion of AD assets





ASSESSING GAPS AND HURDLES





Undervalued Resources

- Nutrients
 - Recycle vs. destroy
 - Value other than market value? -> Life Cycle Analysis
- Soil
 - Reversal of depletion
- Water
 - Energy foot print getting larger and larger
 - Water itself has value





WHERE COULD ADDITIONAL RESEARCH HAVE THE GREATEST IMPACT?





Challenges of Food Waste

Nutrient recovery



